# **HEAT RELATED ILLNESS SUMMARY**

# **KNOW THE SIGNS: PROTECT YOURSELF**

Remember to check on each other to help spot the symptoms of heat related illnesses before they get serious.

#### Sunburn

Caused by over exposure to the suns UVB rays that burn the skin.

#### Signs and Symptoms

Red skin that is painful. Includes blistering and peeling of the skin.

#### **Treatment**

If skin blisters, seek medical attention. Cool the skin with water and/or lotions. Avoid petroleum or oil-based ointments, which may trap the heat and make the burn worse

#### **Heat Rash**

Caused by humid conditions where the skin stays wet. Also known as prickly heat.

#### **Signs and Symptoms**

Itchy red bumpy rash on the skin. Often appear on neck, chest, groin and under folds of skin.

#### **Treatment**

Change into dry clothes and avoid hot environments. Rinse skin with cool water.

#### **Heat Cramps**

Caused by losing too much salt. The cramps often occur late in the day or evening after the muscles have cooled.

#### **Signs and Symptoms**

Painful cramps in arms, legs or stomach. Often the muscles that have been working cramp. Excessive sweating. Hot moist skin. Heat cramps are serious because they can be a warning of additional heat-related illnesses.

#### **Treatment**

Heat Cramps might be a sign of Heat Exhaustion. Move to a cool area; loosen clothing. Drink Water every 15 – 20 minutes; must have a snack or a carbohydrate-electrolyte replacement liquid (salt replacement). No salt tablets! Get medical aid if person has heart problems, is on a low-sodium diet, or if cramps do not disappear within 1 hour. Keep away from strenuous work for several hours.

## **Fainting**

Fluid loss and inadequate water intake.

## **Signs and Symptoms**

Lightheadedness. Loss of consciousness after at least two hours of work. Skin is cool and moist. Pulse is weak.

#### **Treatment**

GET MEDICAL AID. Person may need CPR. Move to a cool area. Loosen clothing. Make the person lie down. When conscious, offer sips of cool water. Fainting may be due to other illnesses.

# **Heat Exhaustion**

This condition is particularly dangerous to people with heart conditions or breathing problems. It is caused by the depletion of water and salt.

## **Signs and Symptoms**

moist skin; body temperature over 38°C (100.4°F); shallow breathing; weak rapid pulse; person is tired and weak, and has headache, confusion, nausea and vomiting; is very thirsty; muscle cramps or vision may be blurred.

# Treatment

GET MEDICAL AID. This condition can lead to heat stroke, which can kill. Move the person to a cool area; loosen or remove excess clothing, unless the person starts to shiver; If not nauseated, give fluids like water, juice or rehydrating drinks; fan and spray with cool water.

## **Heat Stroke**

A life-threatening condition. Body can no longer control its own temperature – its water and salt reserves are used up Body temperature rises rapidly. Most serious!

# **Signs and Symptoms**

Weak, confused, altered mental status, slurred speech. Loss of consciousness (coma). Hot, dry skin or profuse sweating. In later stages, a person may pass out, have convulsions, have a stroke or go into cardiac arrest. Fatal if treatment delayed.

# Treatment

**CALL AMBULANCE**. This condition can kill a person quickly. Move the person to a cool location. Remove excess clothing; fan and spray the person with cool water; offer sips of cool water if the person is conscious

# "IF IT GETS HOTTER, DRINK SOME WATER!"